# **Model CM – Ag/AgCI Probe for Concrete**

### **Featuring**

Long term reliability with thermodynamically stable Ag/AgCl element Proprietary grout surrounding the element provides low resistance coupling to concrete

# **Typical Applications**

**Model CM** can be used in all types of concrete structures. When it is used in seawater applications, where the chloride level of the pore water is expected to remain nearly constant, it functions as a reference electrode providing stable reproducible potential readings. When used in other structures in which the chloride level can vary slowly over time, Model CM provides short term stability suitable for depolarization measurements. This product is a replacement for graphite probes.



### **Housing Specifications**

1 1/4 inch (3 1/2 cm) dia. x 2 1/4 inch (6 1/2 cm) long Shipping weight – 0.4 lb (0.25 kg)

# **Element Specifications**

Design life – min. 30 yrs. Shelf life - 1 year minimum

### **Element Types**

AGC - Ag/AgCl for concrete

#### **Terminations**

**SWnnn** - nnn ft of #14 RHW blue **CWnnn** – nnn ft wire as specified

Model Designation Specify as Model CM-AGC-termination code

# **Installation Notes**

**Model CM** should be installed directly in the concrete as close as possible to the rebar where measurements are to be taken. Allow 60 days from the date of installation for the electrode to equilibrate to its surroundings. When used in marine concrete structures such as seawalls, bridge pilings, piers and docks, Model CM will remain stable after equilibration.

**Model CB-AGG** reference electrodes should be used when long term stability is required in structures where conditions vary, or for concrete in fresh or brackish water.



www.edi-cp.com

electrochemical devices, inc. PO Box 789, Middlefield, OH 44062 440-632-5616

<u>C Series</u> Concrete Products

info@edi-cp.com

www.edi-cp.com

CM7.doc -05/19 © EDI 2019





# **Concrete Reference Electrode**

These instructions apply to EDI Model CM-AGC reference electrodes with a silver/silver chloride (Ag/AgCl) element designed for use in reinforced concrete. Be sure to follow the correct procedures. Failure to do so can significantly shorten the life of the reference electrode.

**Pre-installation Conditioning** – Pre-installation conditioning is not necessary for the Model CM reference electrodes. To verify the potential before installing, soak the electrodes in salt water (1/3 cup non-iodized table salt with 2 gallons of tap water) for an hour prior to testing their potential to a lab electrode. After testing, keep electrodes wet until ready to install.

**Installation in New Structures** - Use plastic coated wire ties to secure reference electrodes to the center of a rebar net square. This should be done not more than four hours before the concrete will be poured.

**Installation in Existing Structures** - Excavate hole to required depth for proper location. Recommended minimum dimensions for the hole are  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " x  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " x 8" (6 cm x 6 cm x 20 cm). A layer of the original concrete should remain between the reference electrode and the rebar. Lead wires can be embedded in saw slots. The preferred location for the reference is at the center of a rebar square at the same depth as the outer rebars. Place it in the hole and fill the hole with Portland cement patching grout. Potassium chloride (KCI) may be added to the patching grout to lower the resistance between the electrode and the existing concrete.

**Substituting Sodium Chloride (NaCI) for Potassium Chloride (KCI)** - KCI is the preferred salt to use for both conditioning the electrode and adding to the patching grout. Substituting NaCI for KCI in these steps will not damage the electrode but it will cause a several millivolt error in measurements due to a junction potential between the KCI in the electrode gel and the NaCI in the conditioning water or patching grout.

Caution: Do <u>not</u> use patching grouts containing polymer additives.

**Single Wire Termination** - The Model CB electrode with a single wire termination (code **SW**) has a single #14 HMW/PE lead wire, length as specified. On the Model CM, the single lead wire is #14 RHW2. The lead wire should not share a conduit with power leads. For elevated structures, the lead wire should be encased in a metal conduit. These precautions will minimize errors in potential measurements due to interference.

